ICREACH AND FBI'S PRTT PROGRAM

I'll have a more substantive post about what we learn about NSA's broader dragnet from the Intercept's ICREACH story.

But for the moment I want to reiterate a point I made the other day. ICREACH is important not just because it makes NSA data available to CIA and FBI. But also because it makes CIA and FBI data available for the metadata analysis the NSA conducts.

The documents describe that to include things like clandestine intelligence and flight information.

But there's one other program that ought to be of particular concern with regards to NSA's programs. As I laid out here, FBI had a Pen Register/Trap and Trace "program" that shared information with the NSA at least until February 2012, several months after NSA had ended its PRTT Internet dragnet program.

The secrecy behind the FBI's PRTT orders on behalf of NSA

1.8. (S//REL TO USA,	SECRET//	1.4(c)*	25 Years*	(TS//SI//NF) For	
FVEY) The fact that FBI	REL TO USA, FVEY			FBI Pen Register	
obtains FISA				Trap Trace (PR/TT),	
counterterrorism court				classification is	
orders on behalf of NSA.				TOP SECRET//SI//	
				NOFORN.	

Finally, there's a series of entries on the classification guide for FISA programs leaked by Edward Snowden.

These entries show that FBI obtained counterterrorism information using PRTTs for NSA — which was considered Secret.

But that the FBI PR/TT program — which seems different than these individual orders — was considered TS/SI/NOFORN.

			1	www.co.reg.
2.19. (TS//SI//NF) The fact	TOP SECRET//SI//	1.4(c)*	25 Years*	(TS//SI//NF) The
that NSA receives or	NOFORN	1		classification level is
requests from FBI Pen				TOP SECRET//SI//
Register Trap Trace				NOFORN regardles:
(PR/TT) FISA warrants in				of whether the
order to get data about				terrorist group is
terrorist groups.		1		specified for which
	1	1		NSA is seeking or
				obtaining FISA
		1		PR/TT authority

If you compare these entries with the rest of the classification guide, you see that this information — the fact that NSA gets PRTT information from FBI (in addition to information from Pen Registers, which seems to be treated differently at the Secret level) — is treated with the same degree of secrecy as the actual targeting information or raw collected data on all other programs.

This is considered one of the most sensitive secrets in the whole FISA package.

2.24. (S/REL TO USA, FVEY) Statistics or statistical trends relating to FBI FISA targets, including numbers of court orders, targets, facilities, or selectors, or combinations or subcategories thereof, without mention of techniques involved.	SECRET// REL TO USA, FVEY	1.4(c)*	25 Years*	(TS//SI//NF) For FBI Pen Register Trap Trace (PR/TT), the classification is TOP SECRET//SI// NOFORN.
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Even minimized PRTT data is considered TS/SCI.

3.13. (TS//SI//NF)	TOP SECRET//SI//	1.4(c)*	25 Years*	(U) Methods are
Minimized evaluated FBI	NOFORN		1	governed by the
PR/TT FISA data that does				classification guides
not disclose specific	1			applicable to the
methods or techniques.				specific methods
				involved.
	Minimized evaluated FBI PR/TT FISA data that does not disclose specific	Minimized evaluated FBI PR/TT FISA data that does not disclose specific	Minimized evaluated FBI NOFORN PR/TT FISA data that does not disclose specific	Minimized evaluated FBI PR/TT FISA data tdoes not disclose specific

Now, it is true that this establishes an exact parallel with the BR FISA program (which the classification guide makes clear NSA obtained directly). So it may be attributable to the fact that the existence of the programs themselves was considered a highly sensitive secret.

So maybe that's it. Maybe this just reflects paranoia about the way NSA was secretly relying on the PATRIOT Act to conduct massive dragnet programs.

Except there's the date.

This classification guide was updated on February 7, 2012 — over a month *after* NSA shut down the PRTT program. Also, over a month after — according to Theresa Shea — the NSA **destroyed** all the data it had obtained under PRTT. (Note, her language

seems to make clear that this was the NSA's program, not the FBI's.)

That is, over a month after the NSA ended its PRTT program and destroyed the data from it (at least according to sworn declarations before a court), the NSA's classification guide referred to an FBI PRTT program that it considered one of its most sensitive secrets. And seemed to consider active.

I have no idea what this program entailed — and no one else has even picked up on this detail. It's possible NSA's Internet dragnet just moved under the FBI's control. It's possible (this is my current operative wildarseguess) that FBI's PRTT program collects location data; the Bureau uses PRTT orders to get individualized location data, after all.

Whatever it is, though, the existence of ICREACH would make that data available to NSA in a form it could use to include it in contact chaining of metadata (which may be why it figures so prominently in NSA's classification guide). And note: FBI's minimization procedures are far more lenient than NSA's, so whatever this data is, NSA may be able to do more with it given that FBI collected it.

And as with a number of other things, even the Pat Leahy version of USA Freedom would weaken protections for PRTT data.